

Works Cited

Primary Sources

Periodicals

Dumont, Andree. "Dedee' de Jongh, Belgian Heroine." *The Air Forces Escape & Evasion Society*, digital ed., 13 Dec. 2007. This article is a great primary source because the author was a member of the Comet line and knew Andree personally. In the article, the author talked about Andree's personality and her courage. This helped me get to know her better and visualize the great heroine she was.

Frost, Bob. "Belgian Resistance Heroine." *The Air Forces Escape and Evasion Society*, digital ed., vol. 19, no. 4, 13 Dec. 2007. Bob Frost, the author of this article, was part of 150 Squadron, RAF Aircrew Representative WWII Escape Lines Society. He met Andree on numerous occasions. In the article Bob explained what Dedee (Andree) did for the line she founded.

Non Periodicals

Gordon, Bruce W. *Gordon, Bruce W. (2nd Lt.)*. Report no. 5554663. *Escape and Evasion Reports, 1942 - 1945*. *The National Archives*, catalog.archives.gov/id/5554663. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This document is written by an Allied airmen. He talks about his experience using an escape line.

Mc Dermott, Mark L. *Mc Dermott, Mark L.* Report no. 5554654. *National Archives*, catalog.archives.gov/id/5554654. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This document is written by an Allied airmen about his experience using an escape line.

Stülpnagel, Otto von. *Avis*. 22 Sept. 1941. World War II; Various funds provided to the National Archives; A collection of posters of the Committee for the History of the Second World War CP / 72AJ / 796. *National Archives of France*, www.archives-nationales.culture.gouv.fr/. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This is a report by the military commander in France during WWII. It prohibits the population of giving any support to aircraft crews who have arrived in the occupied territory.

Audiovisual

Andree de Jongh 1. *BBC News*, news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/europe/988881.stm. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This picture of Andree shows that she was young and lively. It also displays her significance and shows that women can do hard things.

Andree de Jongh 2. *Women Heroes of WWII*, 1943, womenheroesofwwii.blogspot.com/. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. I love how Andree looks contemplative in this picture because it shows that she took her responsibilities seriously.

Andree de Jongh 3. *WWII Escape Lines*, www.ww2escapelines.co.uk/?page_id=105. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. In this picture Andree is wearing a blouse and a skirt. I love how it creates an image that pretty or feminine women can do hard things.

Andree de Jongh 4. *WWII Netherlands Escape Lines*, wwii-netherlands-escape-lines.com/. This is my favorite picture of Andree because it shows her beauty and her strength.

Andree de Jongh with a clock presented to her by the RAF. Digital file. This picture came from the book *Little Cyclone*. I used it on my website to show what Andree looked like and how important her efforts were.

Andree's fake identity card. Digital file. I got this picture from the book *Little Cyclone*. It shows that Andree's job was very dangerous, so dangerous that a fake identity was created for her.

Andree was staying at this safe house when she was captured. Digital file, 1943. I found this picture in the book *Little Cyclone*. It helped me to know what the safe houses looked like and where Andree was captured.

"Battle of Belgium." *National Archives*. This video features the surrender of the Belgian army to the Germans. I love how the video puts you in Belgium while a significant event in Andree's life occurs.

Forced labor in Ravensbruck Concentration Camp 1. *United States Holocaust Memorial Museum*, www.ushmm.org/wlc/en/media_ph.php?ModuleId=10005199&MediaId=644. This picture helped me to understand how awful the living and sleeping conditions were in Ravensbruck.

Forced labor in Ravensbruck Concentration Camp 2. *United States Holocaust Memorial Museum*, www.ushmm.org/wlc/en/media_ph.php?ModuleId=10005199&MediaId=761. This picture displays the harsh working conditions that existed in Ravensbruck.

"Invasion of France and the Low Countries." ww2db.com/image.php?image_id=5851. Accessed 4 Mar. 2017. This picture shows what Belgium was like while the Germans were invading it. It also shows what the soldiers looked like.

"Logo for the Comete Line." *The Comete Network*, www.cometeline.org/. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This is the Comete Line's official logo. I love the crashing plane and the star saving it. I found the symbolism of the logo to be very significant.

People celebrating the conclusion of WWII. (V-E day). *The National WWII Museum*, www.nationalww2museum.org/learn/education/for-students/ww2-history/at-a-glance/v-e-day.html. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This picture helped me to relive the excitement of the citizens as they learned that WWII had come to an end.

People dancing in the streets on V-E Day. *BBC News*, www.bbc.co.uk/history/events/ve_day. This picture, similar to the previous, shows how happy and relieved the citizens were that WWII had come to an end.

Pictures of Allied airmen rescued by the Comete Line. *The Comet Network Comet Escaping Line*, www.cometeline.org/cometaviateurpasse.html. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. I loved getting a glimpse of some of the men Andree saved. Seeing the actual people Andree saved makes her Comete Line much more significant to me.

RAF members during the Battle of Britain. *Royal Air Force Museum*. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This picture helped me to better understand what Allied airmen looked like and the role they played.

This picture shows the Germans invading Belgium. *TotallyHistory*, totallyhistory.com/battle-of-belgium/. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This picture helped me to understand what it would have been like to live in Belgium during its invasion.

“Video of Royal Air Force bombers during WWII.” *BBC News*, www.bbc.com/news/uk-18627790. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This video helped me to understand the jobs and responsibilities of the Allied airmen who Andree rescued.

View of the Ravensbruck concentration camp. *United States Holocaust Museum*,
collections.ushmm.org/search/catalog/pa19900. This picture shows how bleak, dull, and
awful it would have been to live at Ravensbruck.

Websites, e-sources

---. "Bob Frost." *Legasee*, www.legasee.org.uk/oursecretwar/the-archive/bob-frost/126711807/.
Accessed 30 Nov. 2016. Interview. This is an interview on Bob Frost, a RAF
evader/allied airmen. Bob Frost used the Comet Line to escape from Belgium to Spain.
He personally knew Andree. In this interview he talked about her courage and explained
how Andree lost herself in the crowd at the concentration camp she was taken to.

Unpublished & other sources

Interview. By Helena Dziejzicka. This interview was with a woman who stayed at Ravensbruck
concentration camp. She talked about the conditions the captives faced there as well as
interrogations Andree could have similarly went through.

Secondary Sources

Periodicals

Beckham, Beverly. "Just an Ordinary Girl, until War Gave Us a Hero." *Boston Globe*, 1 July
2016. *Boston Globe*,
www.bostonglobe.com/metro/regionals/south/2016/07/01/brave-good-caring-mostly-forgotten-people-like-andree-jongh/1mciwxferbHZZuAXTgjHI/story.html. Accessed 17
Oct. 2016. This source told me how Andree took a stand and talked about her early life.

---. "Dedee' and the Comet Escape Line." *The Air Forces Escape and Evasion Society*, digital ed., vol. 19, no. 4, 13 Dec. 2007, pp. 26-27. This article was written by a Washington Post Staff Writer. The author shared numerous quotes by Andree as well as quotes from people who knew her. This source also provided a great synopsis of Andree's life.

Martin, Douglas. "Andrée De Jongh, 90, Legend of Belgian Resistance, Dies." *The New York Times*, 18 Oct. 2007. *The New York Times*, www.nytimes.com/2007/10/18/world/europe/18jongh.html. Accessed 17 Oct. 2016. This article from the *New York Times* gave me an understanding of how Andree started the Comete Line.

---. "Andree Ushered Escapers to Border." *The Air Forces Escape and Evasion Society*, digital ed., vol. 19, no. 4, 13 Dec. 2007, pp. 27-28. This article is from the *New York Times*. It provided me with informative quotes from Andree and some of her acquaintances.

The Secretary. "Countess Andree De Jongh." *ELMS Newsletter*, 14 Nov. 2008. *WW2 Escape Lines Memorial Society*, www.ww2escapelines.co.uk/?page_id=628. Accessed 15 Nov. 2016. This source went into great detail about how Andree made the Comet Line possible and how it worked. This article also contained amazing, primary source, quotes from people who knew Andree.

Non Periodicals

Atwood, Kathryn J. *Women Heroes of World War II*. E-book. This book led me to other important sources and gave me a great synopsis of Andree's life.

Neave, Airey. *Little Cyclone*. Biteback Publishing. This book provided me with lots of primary sources and quotes from people who interacted with Andree. I also used a lot of primary source pictures from this book.

Ottis, Sherri Greene. *Silent Heroes: Downed Airmen and the French Underground*. University Press of Kentucky. I liked how the author made Andree's life into more of a story and less just information. This helped me to visualize what Andree was doing better.

Shuff, Derek. *Evader*. The History Press, 2010. This book provided me with good background knowledge involving the Comete Line. I also love the way the author portrayed Andree. It helped me get to know her better as a person.

Smith, Robert, and Laurence J. Yadon, Esq. *Greatest Escapes of World War II*. Lyons Press. This source gave me good information on the Comet Line's use, members, and purpose.

Audiovisual

The Comete Line. WW2 Escape Lines Memorial Society,

www.ww2escapelines.co.uk/?page_id=105. Map. This map shows the route of the Comete Line.

“Le cirque de Gavarnie.” *Les Grands Sites de Midi-Pyrenees,*

www.tourisme-midi-pyrenees.com/accueil/decouvrir/midi-pyrenees-en-images/videos-de-s-grands-sites/bandes-annonces. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This video shows the Pyrenees Mountains, and how hard it would have been to trek through the Pyrenees like Andree did.

Map of the Comete Line escape route. *WWII Escape Lines Memorial Society*,

www.ww2escapelines.co.uk/?page_id=105. Accessed 5 Mar. 2017. This map is similar to the previous map, displaying the Comete Line route. It includes details along the route like safe house and collecting areas.

This is a photo of the Pyrenees mountains. *Pyrenees Collection*,

www.pyreneescollection.co.uk/summer/Saint-Jean-de-Luz.htm. This photo was useful because it showed me what the Pyrenees look like and how hard it would have been to cross them.

Websites, e-sources

“Andree de Jongh.” *The Telegraph*,

www.telegraph.co.uk/news/obituaries/1566506/Andree-de-Jongh.html. This obituary from *The Telegraph*, a broadsheet newspaper published in London, was written for Andree de Jongh. The article provided me with a great outline of Andree’s life from the day she was born to the day she died.

Bernstein, Adam. “Andree De Jongh, 90;.” *The Washington Post*. Accessed 27 Nov. 2016. This source led me to several great books about Andree such as *The Little Cyclone*.

“The Comete Escape Line.” *WW2 Escape Lines Memorial Society*,

www.ww2escapelines.co.uk/?page_id=105. Accessed 28 Nov. 2016. This article on the Comet Line was written by the WWII Escape Lines Memorial Society. It provides a detailed history of the Comet Line as well as many of the escape line’s contributors.

“The Comet Network Comet Escape Line Airmen Saviors.” *The Comet Network Comet Escape Line Airmen Saviors*, www.cometeline.org/. Accessed 27 Oct. 2016. This website as a whole contained great information on the Comet line and led me to many great sources.

“The Escape Artist.” *The New York Times*, Sarah Corbet, 30 Dec. 2007, www.nytimes.com/2007/12/30/magazine/30dejongh-t.html?_r=0. Accessed 5 Oct. 2016. This article is from the *New York Times*. It contains great quotes from people that Andree helped.

“Links.” *WWII Netherlands Escape Lines*, wwii-netherlands-escape-lines.com/links-to-other-escape-and-evasion-websites/escape-and-evasion/. This website led me to important sources and gave me great information on who escaped using the Comet Line. The man who runs this website, Bruce Bolinger, shared some amazing primary sources with me via email.

New World Encyclopedia. www.newworldencyclopedia.org/entry/Belgium. Accessed 4 Mar. 2017. This source gave me lots of information on Belgium during WWII and how they were taken over.

Schutters, Victor. “Bilan De L’action De Comète” [“Review of Action Comet”]. *Le Réseau Comète*, www.evasioncomete.org/TxtBilan.html. Accessed 16 Feb. 2017. This article talked about how many Allied soldiers were saved by the Comet Line and the impact the escape line made.

Sheffield, Dr Gary. “The Fall of France.” *BBC*, www.bbc.co.uk/history/worldwars/wwtwo/fall_france_01.shtml#top. Accessed 4 Dec. 2016. This article told me when, where, and how the Germans invaded Belgium. The

Germans were attacking France, which is why this article is called the Fall of France, along with a few other countries including Belgium.

Shute, Joe. "The Secrets of the Second World War Comet Line Are Revealed." *The Telegraph*, 14 Mar. 2013, www.telegraph.co.uk/history/world-war-two/9930526/The-secrets-of-the-Second-World-War-Comet-Line-are-revealed.html. Accessed 26 Oct. 2016. This source gave me detailed information on the Comet Line and its members.

TotallyHistory. totallyhistory.com/battle-of-belgium/. Accessed 4 Mar. 2017. This article told me about how the Battle of Belgium occurred and how many days the battle lasted.

"World War II in Europe." *United States Holocaust Memorial Museum*, www.ushmm.org/wlc/en/article.php?ModuleId=10005137. Accessed 4 Dec. 2016. This source helped me understand what was going on in Europe during World War II. This article told me about what countries were invaded by Germany and what they did to fight back.

Unpublished & other sources

Shields, Patricia M. "Women as Military Leaders Promises and Pitfalls." 24 Mar. 1985. *Texas State University Digital Collections*, digital.library.txstate.edu/. Accessed 16 May 2017. This source talks about how leadership by women in the military changed during WWII. It also talked about the stereotypes and issues regarding women as leaders.

Vidts, Kim De. *Belgium, a Small yet Significant Resistance Force during World War II*. 2004. Hawaii Pacific U, MA thesis. This Master's Thesis, written by a Belgian citizen, told me

how Belgium resisted during World War II. It also talked about a few escape lines including the Comet Line.